



The Clery Act and HSC Campus Security Authorities

The Clery Act is a consumer protection law that aims to provide transparency around campus crime policy and statistics. It requires colleges and universities to report campus crime data, support victims of violence, and publicly outline the policies and procedures put into place to improve campus safety.

History of the Jeanne Clery Act

In April 1986, Jeanne Clery's life ended tragically when she was raped and murdered by another student in her residence hall room. Alarmed at the lack of transparency around crime and violence on college campuses, Jeanne's parents committed themselves to create enduring change.

In 1990, Congress approved the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, or Clery Act. The U.S. Department of Education enforces the Clery Act and is responsible for collecting and disseminating crime statistics from colleges and universities annually.

HSC Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) are designated to report crimes under the Clery Act

Who are CSAs?

- Team members who are director level and above
- Staff and/or faculty with significant responsibility for student and campus activities
- The campus police department
- Individuals or offices designated to receive crime reports

Who are not CSAs?

- Faculty who do not have responsibilities outside of the classroom
- Medical providers in Student Health whose only responsibility is to provide health care to students

Your Responsibilities as a CSA:

- Crimes need to be reported to HSC PD. They will contact the Care Team if needed.
- Share the information exactly as relayed by the person.
- Tell the person who disclosed the crime to you that you are required to share the information with the HSC PD.
- Help connect the person to available options and resources within HSC.
- When in doubt, report the information to the HSC PD.



The Clery Act requires colleges and universities to:

- Keep a public crime log
- Publish an annual security report that includes crime statistics and security policies
- Provide timely warnings to students, staff and faculty about a crime posing an immediate or ongoing threat
- Ensure certain basic rights for victims of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking



Crimes Covered by the Clery Act

- Homicide
- Robbery
- Burglary
- Arson
- Stalking
- Dating Violence
- Larceny-theft
- Simple assault
- Intimidation
- Sexual Offenses
- Aggravated Assault
- Motor Vehicle Theft
- Domestic Violence
- Destruction/damage/vandalism of property
- Arrests and referrals for liquor law, drug abuse and weapons law violations

Clery Act Geography



On Campus

Buildings or property owned or controlled by HSC used to support the educational purpose of the institution



Public Property

Includes streets, sidewalks and parking facilities within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus



Off Campus

Any building or property owned or controlled by HSC that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not reasonably contiguous to the core campus

Campus Contacts

HSC Clery Contact

Dr. Emily Mire,
Assistant Vice Provost, Student Affairs
817-735-5172 | Emily.Mire@unthsc.edu

Title IX

Title IX Office
TitleIX@unthsc.edu
817-735-5919

HSC Police

817-735-2210, Non-emergency
817-735-2600, Emergency

Victim Services

HSC Care Team
817-735-2740 | CareTeam@unthsc.edu